# ASSESSING NUTRITION SITUATIONS IN EMERGENCIES

Terms and Classification

#### Anthropometric Terms

Indicators	Indices	Malnutrition Type
Stunting	Height for Age (HFA)	Chronic
Underweight	Weight for Age (WFA)	Chronic and Acute
Wasting	Weight for Height (WFH)	Acute

#### Malnutrition Classification and Cutoffs

	Z-score (SD)
Mild	-2.00 to -1.01
Moderate	-3.00 to -2.01
Severe	< -3.00

## Common Terms for Acute Malnutrition for Children 6-59 Months

**GAM (Global Acute Malnutrition)** WFH < -2.0 Z-score or < 80.0% Median All with edema included.

**SAM (Severe Acute Malnutrition)** WFH < -3.0 Z-score or < 70.0% Median All with edema included.







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### 2 Categories of Nutrition/ Mortality Situation

	Wasting %	CMR*
Low (Acceptable)	< 5.0	< 1.0
Medium (Poor)	5.0 to 9.9	1.0 to 1.9
High (Serious)	10.0 to 14.9	2.0 to 4.9
Very High (Critical)	≥ 15.0	≥ 5.0

Use of categories requires contextual information including aggravating factors and trends.

Wasting defined as WFH < -2.0 Z-score in children 6 to 59 months. Excludes edema.

\* Crude Mortality Rate (CMR) expressed as deaths/10,000/day applies to all adults and children.

Commonly Used Eligibility Criteria for Selective Feeding Programs

		Severe	Moderate
6 - 59 Months	WFH	< 70.0 % median	70.0 to 79.9 % median
		< -3.0 Z-score	-3.0 to -2.01 Z-score
	MUAC <sup>1</sup>	< 11.0 cm	11.0 to 12.49 cm
	Edema	Yes	No
Adults	Body Mass Index <sup>2</sup>	< 16.0	16.0 to 16.99
	MUAC	< 16.0 cm	16.0 to 18.49 cm

<sup>1</sup> MUAC = Mid-Upper Arm Circumference

<sup>2</sup> Body Mass Index (BMI) = weight (kg)/[height (m)]<sup>2</sup> excludes pregnant women

Sources: Sphere (2004); WHO (1999,1995), OFDA FOG (2005), SCF (2004)